





READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.  
The Gazette will be pleased to receive at all times communications upon current topics. Anonymous communications, however, cannot be printed. In all cases the writer's name is required, (not for publication) as a guarantee of good faith.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1897.

## Local Advertising.

The author of "Fowler's Publicity," a work devoted to advertising information and advertising forms, has altogether correct ideas as to the usefulness of the local newspaper. He declares there is only one indispensable advertising medium through which the local merchant is to make himself known, and that is the local newspaper. An advertisement in the home paper is worth more than an acre of orchards.

Mr. Fowler says flatly that many of the newspapers in the smaller cities are grander examples of journalism than half the so-called dailies. This shows that the writer is a shrewd and observing man, as well as an honest one, and he gives further proof of it when he asserts that no great daily can ever blank out the local newspaper, from which has been evolved all the other newspapers of the world as well as all the magazines and periodicals.

Local information in a newspaper is the only information that all the people read. They want first to know what is taking place among the people about them. Regularly, therefore, they peruse the local columns of their home paper, advertisements and all.

Here are some of the jewels from the Fowler casket: "Go through any town and notice the stores that look the best and appear to pay the best; look into the shops that seem to be doing business, whether the occupants are tinkers or merchants, and the advertisements of those places will be found in the local newspaper." Further, the local newspaper cannot use the home newspaper "has something the matter with him," our author says. The trouble is with this merchant, not with the paper. Mr. Fowler reaches the heart of things and states a great truth when he says, "The majority of local editors and publishers are philanthropists as well as money earners, and they make their papers as good as the support given them warrants." We always knew it.

As to the form of advertisements in a home newspaper, the writer thinks that while they do not occupy too much space they generally contain from two to 25 times too much matter, and the firm name generally occupies type from two to five times too large. The name of the goods should be printed at the top in a local newspaper, not the name of the firm. "The local merchant should advertise the goods he sells six times more prominently than he advertises himself." "No business is too small to be advertised if the town is not too large." "There should be some brain trouble to prevent the regeneration of the opinion of local merchants who defy custom, opinion, experience and fact in their attempt to 'ting'."

With these few quotations we close, merely remarking that the local editor and publisher is ready, as always, to prove his philanthropy through the usefulness of his advertising columns.

The governor of the Bank of England in his interview with a reporter explains just how it is that the British cabinet is able to sit upon the bank. The bank belongs to a private company, which formulates its financial policy. Therefore when the governor of the bank said the institution was ready to keep one-fifth of its reserve in silver when the mints of France and the United States should be opened to free coinage he promised only what he had a right to do. After this promise was made, however, a storm of protest from business men was showered both upon the bank authorities and the Salisbury cabinet. The government declared that the mints of India would not be reopened to the coinage of silver. The Bank of England, although a private corporation, was thereupon obliged to back down from the position it had taken on silver. Why? Because, as the governor explained, "the government is the bank's best customer, and whenever it makes a request we do our best to comply."

**Jewish Farmers in Palestine.**  
The first historic record of the Jews makes them a pastoral people, tending flocks and herds. This remained true till the destruction of Jerusalem. Then they were scattered to the four corners of the earth and persecuted by Christians nations. In Europe the fact that for centuries they were forbidden to own land changed the Jewish character apparently and forced them to become a commercial people. Now there seems to be a tendency to round out the circle of human experiences for the race by making many of them at least an agricultural people. In literature, in the professions and in scientific pursuits they have long since taken first rank. Now it only remains for them to become for the first time in their checkered history farmers.

They were driven to the agricultural life once more by persecution, this time the persecution of the Turk and the Russian. Not all the starving Russian Hebrews came to America. There are thousands of them in Palestine, engaged in farming, successfully too. In fact there are already 22 agricultural colonies representing the return of the Jews to Palestine. The estimate has been made that of these Jewish farmers and their families in Palestine, there are as many as 8,000, with 100,000 acres under cultivation.

Wine growing, silk culture, fruit raising and honey production chiefly engage these Jewish farmers who have returned to the promised land. There is at Yafa, the Joppe of Bible times, actually a Jewish agricultural college which is doing a great work in the education of Hebrew farmers. Its graduates take charge of farm colonies of the men of their race in both Palestine and elsewhere. From the advance made in Palestine it looks as if the wilderness will indeed blossom as the rose in that

dried up land and that the Jews will prove as successful at farming as they have done at everything else they have attempted.

## What an American Is.

The Terre Haute Gazette is not sure in its mind what constitutes a real American. It thinks the original red Indian does not fill the bill, even when he is improved, for when he reaches that state he is always improved out of existence. New Englanders of far descent think they are simply pure Americans, so does the Dutch Knickerbocker. The crooked of Louisiana might put in some claim to be the real Americans, as might likewise the grandchildren and great-grandchildren of the old time Pennsylvania German.

The Terre Haute Gazette dispenses none of these claims. It merely wishes in passing to express some hints for the guidance of that vast swarm of present day importations from foreign lands who come here and propose to immediately take a hand in running this government. The Gazette says:

It is one thing they very clearly understand by all the newspapers who purpose to favor us with their society and that is that the country is already made and is not waiting for them to make it; that it is just as much a nation, with as well defined and as distinct a political life and purpose as Germany or England or France. This fact clearly understood will save the newcomers a great deal of trouble in our federal system and our local self government we find the American idea, and it is just as different from the license and the socialism which some conceive what the American idea as can be. It is useless for foreign newcomers to butt their heads against this idea; it will injure their heads.

## STATE POLITICS.

**Plain Facts Regarding Rumored Deal for the Future, Kinging Statement From Senator Durbin, of Philadelphia.**  
The Says He Is No Dickers—Congressman Stone, of Allegheny, Has Not Out an Interview Dealing His Position Some Reasons Why Dr. Swallow Will Not Be an Important Factor in the Race Next Year.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—The political atmosphere in the state of Pennsylvania is beginning to clear up to a considerable degree, and out of the mists and rumors of the past ten days the elements of the various elements of the Republican party are beginning to see better and are obtaining a more accurate knowledge of just where they stand.

The fact that Senator Quay met David Martin and Chris Magee just before election for the sole purpose of unifying the organization in order to get out as large a party vote as possible, and that Senator Quay was approved by some and denounced by others, but misconstrued by a very large proportion of both the people and the active workers. Now that matters have cleared down somewhat, all hands are beginning to look upon these incidents of political life in a more reasonable and practical manner. Those who have a knowledge of the inner workings of the party, and who have learned from sources that cannot be doubted that there have been no deals, slates or arrangements of any character in either local or state politics.

The attitude of several of the most prominent Quays and Magees in both Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, as well as throughout the state, proves the truth of this assertion. For instance, it was very generally reported in Philadelphia, and believed by many well meaning persons, that Senator Quay had made actual and tangible terms with David Martin, and that, in fact, the most valuable friends and allies in the Quaker City had been deserted and left in a cold. As a proof of this it was asserted that Senator Quay had concluded a political bargain with Mr. Martin, by which William J. Roney, who is Martin's brother-in-law, was to be unanimously renominated for the position of receiver of taxes. There is no truth whatever in this. Senator Quay has personally denied the story, and Mr. Martin admits that there is no foundation for the yarn. To make proof of the conclusion of the bargain, Senator Quay comes out with a public statement that there has been no deal, and that there will be no deal. More than this, he is now preparing to wage an aggressive campaign against the nomination of Mr. Roney. Senator Quay is well aware of this, and the fact that he has not attempted to interfere in the slightest degree with Mr. Durbin's local plans would seem to make it certain that there had been no Quay-Martin compact in Philadelphia.

In this connection it is quite interesting to note the exact position of Mr. Durbin in this matter. He represents the young element in the party who are opposed to offensive bossism, and who have used their best endeavors to create a healthier tone in the local political organization. When he was asked if there was a deal of any character he said that as far as he knew there was nothing substantial in the rumor of deals that had been agitating the politicians of the Quaker City. He added to this:

"You can say, however, that if such a deal were made I would not be a party to it. More than that, it is not in the power of any person or persons, high or low, to make any political bargain for me. I stand where I have stood for the last three years—in favor of cleaner politics and better city government. I am for honesty and manliness in politics, and I do not believe the people of Philadelphia will ever get either from the few men who have been and are now running the Republican city organization for their own personal profit and political advancement."

"How do you regard the meeting between Senator Quay and David Martin?"

"I am not responsible for Senator Quay, and do not pretend to explain his actions. I intend to stand by my friends who have so loyally stood by me."

## Terrible Pains

**In the Stomach—Dreadful Headaches—Face and Neck Covered With Boils—Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla—Skin is Now Clear.**

"I was covered with boils all over my face and neck. I had dreadful headaches and pains in my stomach. I took medicines, but was not much benefited, and I cured six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking the first bottle I could see an improvement. When I had taken a few more bottles the boils had all gone, my skin was clear, my appetite returned, and my health was entirely restored. I am thankful to ever found such a blood purifier as Hood's Sarsaparilla. I paid out a good deal of money for useless medicines before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." W. F. BROOKVINE, Hurler, Maryland.

If you decide to try Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best in fact the One True and Genuine. Be sure to get Hood's. Price \$1.00 per bottle. It is the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

me, and I will do this regardless of what others may say. I have repeatedly urged money to be lent on the security of duly allotted shares in cemeteries, said the managing director of a neopolis company.

Scores and hundreds of people long to buy their own deaths may be anticipated by graveyards. Some misfortune occurs, and even small sums in ready money become a pressing necessity. In some cases cemetery companies will buy back the space, but I would advise one man who made a specialty of advancing money on graves. Some burial places are far more in request than others—are fashionable if you like to look it in that way—and this man often made a great profit when he had obtained full possession of a grave in such a place and upon which he had made a specialty of advancing money.

I am not unhesitatingly approached by people who say: "I bought a grave at so-and-so, intending it for the family. What loan could I get upon it?"—Strand Magazine.

A party of ladies and gentlemen exploring the depths of a celebrated mine, arranged that a lunch should be partaken of on the 1,800 foot level, who, in the absence of any instruction, decided to have a lunch on the 1,800 foot level, who, in the absence of any instruction, decided to have a lunch on the 1,800 foot level, who, in the absence of any instruction, decided to have a lunch on the 1,800 foot level.

They therefore fell to on the tables with much energy. When the exhausted excursionists inquired for their refreshment, they discovered only the empty hamper and about 80 heavy miners, full of chicken salad, champagne, mashed potatoes and other things, dancing a Cornish breakdown.—Pioneer Weekly.

## WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, Nov. 15, 1897.

## Why Do You Buy at Wanamaker's?

Why is this store fairly well attended, be the weather fair or foul? The advertising duffer you? If so, why? There are columns and columns of advertising in the papers—Sunday and weekday. Lots of stores can't even let you have one day of rest. They have goods that need selling—they tell you so in types that would shrike if the users' will were law. You are offered almost everything from London trousers to ingrain carpets at prices that would seem to make the goods cheap, even though you had to give them away.

Yet you come here, where we merely print some current store news and have not insisted on your buying a single thing. Why?

## CONFIDENCE

## COMFORTABLENESS

## SATISFACTION

To be sure, we make blunders—but we cure them. That's it. You take no cure of risk.

Thousands know that we kept a pretty good store, even years ago, when the volume of business was small—counted THE BEST STORE, though odd, because we made your satisfaction, the one test. Goods falling short of that were to be brought back, no matter how much loss to us was entailed.

Year by year the volume of business has grown; buying power has increased—there has been growing advantage to you in dealing here because what savings we made have been liberally given to you in times and bad we have never sacrificed quality for price. Couldn't. For you are still urged to bring wrong things back—it would be childish to sell wrong things knowingly.

Thinking of gift times now. Gift things of all things should be right—not necessarily costly, but in good taste. This store is never more necessary than during holiday times. It is so easy to make mistakes during the rushed-for-time days that one is in danger of buying gaudy things, despite usual good judgment. Safest to go where gaudiness does not enter.

## Boys Shoes—SOME months ago

Water-proof shoes succeeded in really water-proof shoe for boys—a shoe sturdy good, yet prettily shaped. It is made of an oil-finished

calfskin that is called "Kangaroo" calf—nobody knows why. Upper and sole are lined with oiled silk.

## PRE-EMINENTLY THE WINTER SHOE

FOR BOYS.

Might not have thought to advertise these shoes today, but last week we heard a boy laughing at another for being "as 'frail of wet feet as a cat." He wasn't. His shoes didn't leak. So the writer took that boy into his confidence and found out the true goodness of these shoes. Then we went to the shoe store and made sure that the price was

Only \$2 a pair

—no matter the size—and that the shoes ran from 11 to 5 1/2.

And that is the shoe story.

If a couple of thousand boys get well shod now they may thank the bright boy who knew that wet feet were not necessary—even on rainy days.

Clothing. It didn't "just happen" for boys that this spring Clothing got together in this store. 'Twas the pride that we take to please the boys and their parents that caused the months of careful gathering—the touches of shape and finish, that usual stores never bother to provide.

This word of the overgarments—

At \$4.50—All wool Chinilla Reefers, lined with all wool flannel; unusually

well made; good velvet collar; ages bound; sizes for ages 7 to 16 years.

At \$5.50—Handsome Seaman's Reefers, of heavy dark blue flannel; made double-breasted, with brass buttons; sizes 10 to 16 years.

At \$6.50—New style Reefers of Boule cloth, in three colors; made to button to the neck; trimmed with frog; sizes 3 to 10 years.

Overcoats at \$6.50—Of light or dark kersey, in blue and the new shades of brown double-breasted, with raw edges, velvet collar, wide facings piped with satin.

Black The worst misnaming of Dress the year to call these ex-quite black stuffs "Frieze." You'd count them fuzzy, shaggy stuffs. They are nothing of the kind. Instead, they are thoroughly woven grounds, with the most effectively handsome raised spots, dashes, waves and scroll effects.

Some all-wool, others with the silky luster that mohair gives.

The stylish black stuff of the year. You can find some of the designs in every store worth calling a store—but the prices here are least, by a fourth or more.

Five styles from England at 75c a yard, and

Four styles at \$1.

These are wool and mohair in combination.

BLACK CHEVIOTS—seventy-five styles in this popular weave, 50c and up to \$3.50 a yd.

John Wanamaker.

—Why is it that one man is old and decrepit at 45, and another hale and hearty at 80? It depends on the care he takes of himself. One man's body gets out of repair—the troubles grow until it lays him out in bed. Whenever a man feels that he is not as well as he ought to be, whenever he is listless, without energy and without vitality, whenever he finds that he is losing weight and that his ordinary work gives him undue fatigue, he needs Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If he keeps on working with his liver inactive and his blood impure—keep kicking his heels and his body under a constant nervous strain. He will not be hearty when he is old. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures many so-called diseases because nearly all illness springs from the same thing—impure blood and consequent impure blood. The "Discovery" makes the appetite good, the digestion strong, assimilation easy, and the blood rich and pure.

Free to Our Readers.

Our readers will be pleased to learn that the eminent physician and scientist, Dr. Kilmer, after years of research and study, has discovered and given to the world a most remarkable remedy, known as Swamp-Root, for the cure of kidney and bladder troubles; the generous offer to send a bottle free that all may test its wonderful merits without expense, is in itself sufficient to give the public confidence and a desire to obtain it. Swamp-Root has an established reputation as a most successful remedy, and is receiving the hearty endorsement of all up-to-date physicians, hospitals and homes. If our men and women readers are in need of a medicine of this kind no time should be lost in getting their one and only address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and receive a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent absolutely free by mail. The regular size may be obtained at the drug stores. Write your name on the card and send this card to the GAZETTE.

The Homeliest Man in Bristol.

Who are the unassuming, and owners are invited to meet on the 15th inst. at a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all chronic and acute coughs, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Price 50c and 60c.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that take the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but a few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Who can fail to take advantage of this offer. Send 10 cents to us for a generous trial size or ask your druggist. Ask for Ely's Cream Balm, the most positive cure for all skin diseases. Full size 50c.

ELY BROS., 55 Warren St., N. Y. City.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since a boy, and I never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm cured me to such an extent that I feel as if I were a new man. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Orlum, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Improved Cooking Arrangements on the Pennsylvania Railroad's Colonial Express.

For the better accommodation of its patrons the Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that the Pullman buffet cars running on the Colonial Express between Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and Boston have been equipped with "broiler," so that steaks, chops, Spring chickens, and potatoes can be cooked and served hot from the stove. This is done by means of an ingeniously constructed gas stove, and it adds greatly to the convenience of the very popular train. Orders given from the menu card will be served with promptness.

The Colonial Express leaves Washington, week-days, at 7:30 A. M.; Baltimore, 8:30 A. M.; Philadelphia, 9:30 A. M.; and arrives at Boston without halt, at 8:30 P. M. Returning it leaves Boston, week-days, at 9:00 A. M., arriving Philadelphia, 8:05 P. M.; Baltimore, 8:40 P. M., and Washington, 9:45 P. M.

—Mrs. W. N. Vanuett, 351 Fair street, Trenton, N. J., testifies that Stretch's Balsam for consumption, cured her baby of Whooping Cough, also gave instant relief in a severe case of croup.

One of Two Ways.

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

Chief Cause.

Unusually urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. S. the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to any form of disease except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is tant by mistake, attributed to the bladder. The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and the extraordinary effort of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you are troubled with backache, or have been at Druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail. Mention the GAZETTE and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.

## THE VERDICT

**Of Things—**Stretch's Balsam is a life saver because a good doctor. Severe cough or cold; worst case of Consumption; Asthma quickly conquered by its use.

**Stretch's Balsam** 25c. and 50c. Sold by Druggists or Storekeepers. 127-129 Druggists or Storekeepers.

## AN ORDINANCE

relating to and regulating the riding of bicycles

The Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol do ordain:

Section 1. That the following are hereby declared to be nuisances:

1. Riding a bicycle up a paved sidewalk.

2. Riding a bicycle up a hill without having attached thereto a light lamp.

3. Riding a bicycle up a hill or bell when passing a person about to cross the path of a step in, or of which about to pass person going down in the same or contrary direction to the bicycle.

4. Failure to observe the ordinary rules of the road as to passing, riding or intersections to the right in going in opposite direction, or to the left in going in the same direction.

5. Riding at a speed at over seven miles per hour.

Section 2. Any person or persons convicted of any of the nuisances designated by this ordinance, for each offence, shall pay the sum of five dollars, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace, or before any Magistrate not exceeding one hundred dollars are by default, and when so recovered shall forthwith be paid to the Treasurer of the said Borough of Bristol for the use of the said corporation.

Section 3. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

W. FRANK SCULL, Mayor of Council.

Approved the 9th day of November, A. D. 1897.

J. WESLEY WRIGHT, Clerk.

B. S. JOHNSON, Burgess.

## EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Will be sold at public sale upon the premises, Nos. 325, 326 and 327 Cedar street, between Mill and Walnut streets, Bristol, Pa., on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1897,

all the real estate of the late Martin Wainwright, deceased, as follows, to-wit:

No. 325 Cedar street contains a front of 18 feet on the south side of Cedar street, with a depth of 100 feet, 6 inches. This house is frame, the width of the lot, and contains seven rooms, well of good water.

No. 326 Cedar street contains a front of 16 feet on the southeast side of Cedar street, with a depth of 100 feet, 6 inches. This house is frame, the width of the lot, and contains eight rooms, Pump and hydrant water.

No. 327 Cedar street contains a front of 18 feet on the southeast side of Cedar street, with a depth of 100 feet, 6 inches. This house is frame, the width of the lot, and contains seven rooms, well of good water.

These properties will positively be sold on the day named in order to close up the estate. Persons desirous of viewing the premises can do so by calling at the office of J. O. Stuckert, Esq., No. 107 Mill street, Bristol, Pa.

The sale will commence at two o'clock in the afternoon. Conditions will be made known at sale.

WATSON C. MARTINDALE, Executor.

OLIVER P. KNIGHT, Attorney.

JOHN O. STUCKERT, Attorney.

EDWARD N. BOON, Auctioneer.

## Farmers National Bank of Bucks Co.

Bristol, Pa., Nov. 16, 1897

The Board of Directors have this day voted and a dividend of 1000 per cent, payable on demand, clear of all taxes.

CHARLES E. SCOTT, Cashier.

## ESTATE NOTICE.

Notice of BENJAMIN WOOLSTON, deceased, late of Philadelphia, Pa., of the County of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having legal claims against the said estate are requested to present the same in proper form, without delay, for settlement to the undersigned, at his office, at 107 Mill street, Bristol, Pa.

WILLIAM WOOLSTON, Executor.

GILBERT WOOLSTON, Attorney.

## ESTATE NOTICE.

Notice of BRIDGET McCAFFERTY, late of Bristol, Pa., deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having legal claims against the said estate are requested to present the same in proper form, without delay, for settlement to the undersigned, at his office, at 107 Mill street, Bristol, Pa.

DANIEL McCAFFERTY, Administrator.

A. W. GILKESON, Attorney.

## ESTATE NOTICE.

Notice of KATHARINE BRECK, late of the Borough of Bristol, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having legal claims against the said estate are requested to present the same in proper form, without delay, for settlement to the undersigned, at his office, at 107 Mill street, Bristol, Pa.

A. W. GILKESON, Administrator.

## ESTATE NOTICE.

Notice of WILLIAM BRUDON, deceased, late of Bristol, Pa., deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having legal claims against the said estate are requested to present the same in proper form, without delay, for settlement to the undersigned, at his office, at 107 Mill street, Bristol, Pa.

A. W. GILKESON, Administrator.

## ESTATE NOTICE.

Notice of MARTHA WAINSLAY, late of Bristol, Pa., deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having legal claims against the said estate are requested to present the same in proper form, without delay, for settlement to the undersigned, at his office, at 107 Mill street, Bristol, Pa.

WATSON C. MARTINDALE, Executor.

OLIVER P. KNIGHT, Attorney.

JOHN O. STUCKERT, Attorney.

EDWARD N. BOON, Auctioneer.

## WANAMAKER'S.

well made; good velvet collar; ages bound; sizes for ages 7 to 16 years.

At \$5.50—Handsome Seaman's Reefers, of heavy dark blue flannel; made double-breasted, with brass buttons; sizes 10 to 16 years.

At \$6.50—New style Reefers of Boule cloth, in







